

Minimizing Pressure In-homogeneities for Large Samples in High Pressure Neutron Scattering Measurements

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New Directions for High-Pressure Neutron Workshop
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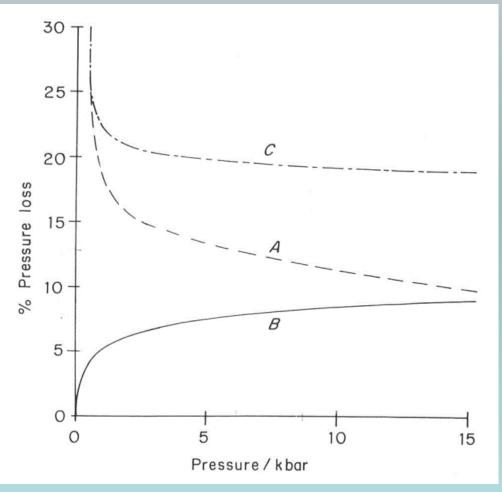
- Reasoning
- Apparatus
- Results
- Technique

Reasoning

- A. Freezing (V_{constant})
- B. Cooling to Freezing Point (P_{constant})
- C. Freezing and Cooling (VP_{constant})

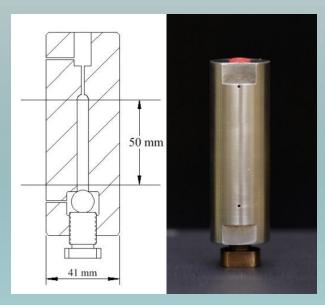
W.F. Sherman, A.A. Stadtmuller. *Exp. Tech. in H. Pressure Research*

- i. Pressurize above PxT curve
- ii. Cool slowly under P_{constant}down to the freezing point
- iii. Hope for the best down to base



W.F. Sherman, A.A. Stadtmuller. Exp. Tech. in H. Pressure Research.

Apparatus



P_{max} = 7.0 kbar

Working Pressure = 6.5 kbar

Al 7075-T6 Construction

1.5 cm³ sample volume

69% Neutron transmission at 2Å



Harwood Eng., Inc. 2-Stage Intensifier

- i. Pressurize above PxT curve
- ii. Cool slowly under VP_{constant}down to the freezing point
- iii. Hope for the best down to base

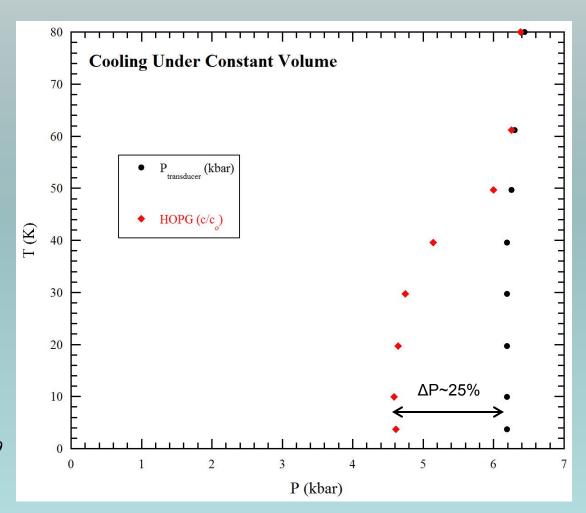
$$\mathsf{P} = \left(\frac{\beta_o}{\beta_{\prime}}\right) \left[\left(\frac{r}{r_o}\right)^{-\beta_{\prime}} - 1 \right]$$

From 1-D Analog to the Murnaghan Equation

$$\beta' = 10.8(9)$$

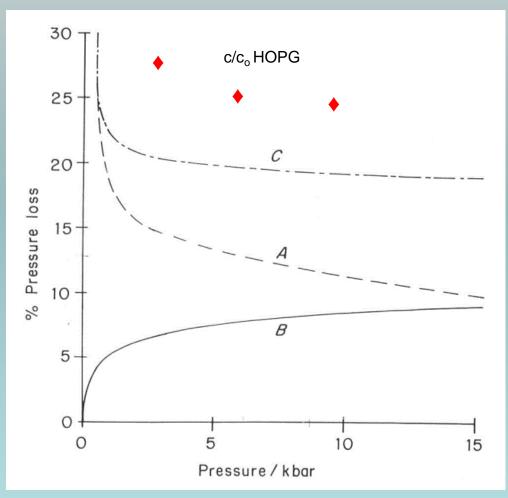
$$\beta_o^{-1} = -\left(\frac{d \ln r}{dP}\right)_{P=0} = 373^{-1} \ kbar$$

Hanfland, Beister, Syassen. Phys. Rev. B 39, 1989



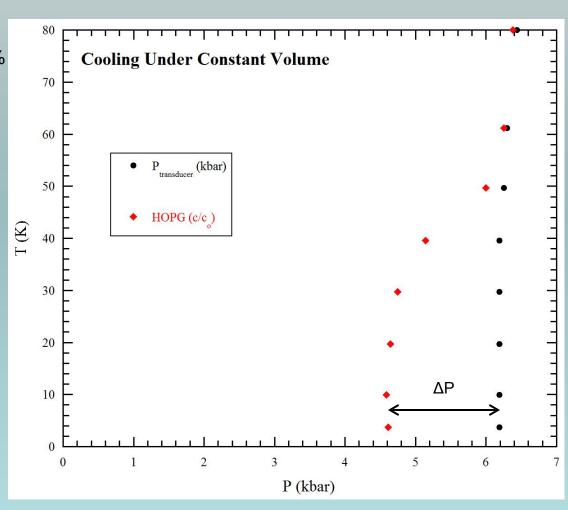
Freezing and Cooling ($VP_{constant}$) for neutron elastic measurements of HOPG (c/c_o)

Results



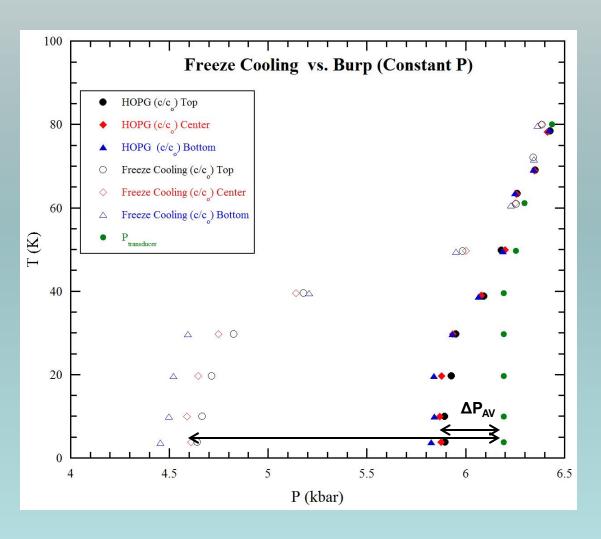
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Freezing and Cooling (VP $_{constant}$) \rightarrow $\Delta P\sim25\%$



Cooling to Freezing Point ($P_{constant}$) $\Delta P_{AV} \sim 5\%$

When systematically ensuring that the pressure vessel is completely full of solid He

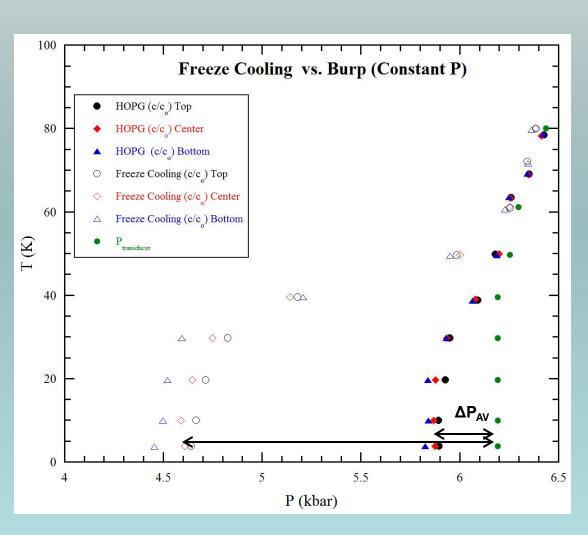


Cooling to Freezing Point ($P_{constant}$) $\Delta P_{AV} \sim 5\%$

When systematically ensuring that the pressure vessel is completely full of solid He



5mm x10mm HOPG Xtals ~10° offset



♦ Freezing and Cooling (VP_{constant})

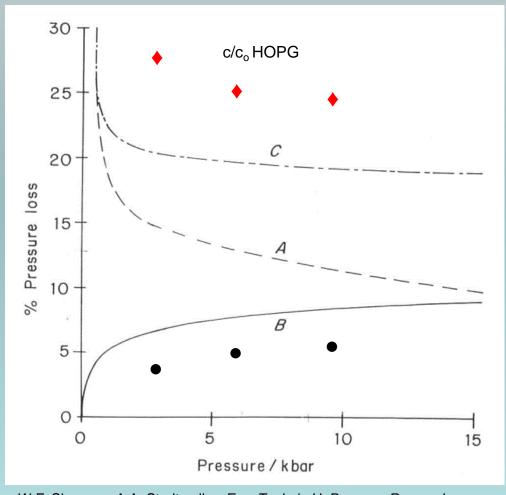
$$\rightarrow \Delta P \sim 25\%$$

Freezing and Cooling (P_{constant}) for neutron
 elastic measurements of HOPG (c/c_o)

$$\rightarrow \Delta P_{AV} \sim 5.5\%$$

- A. Freezing (V_{constant})
- B. Cooling to Freezing Point (P_{constant})
- C. Freezing and Cooling (VP_{constant})

Results

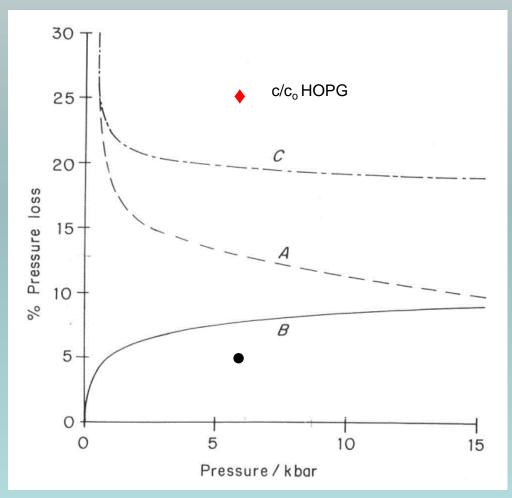


W.F. Sherman, A.A. Stadtmuller. Exp. Tech. in H. Pressure Research.

Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) for neutron elastic measurements of HOPG (c/c_o)

Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) $\rightarrow \Delta P_{AV} \sim 5\%$

Results

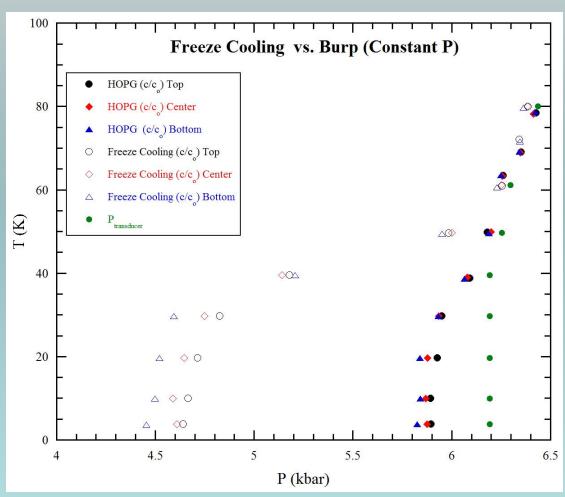


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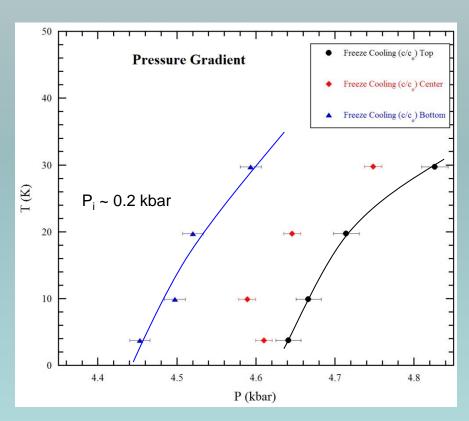
Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) $\rightarrow \Delta P \sim 5\%$

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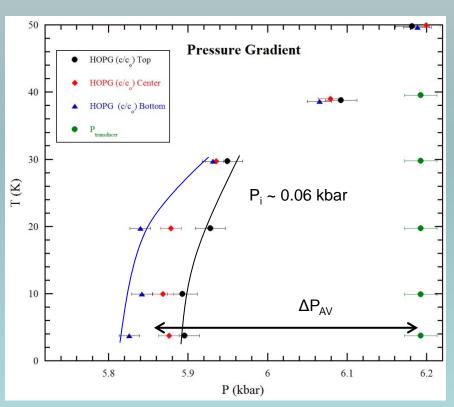
Bonus: Sample pressure in-homogeneities are minimized



Sample Pressure in-homogeneities (P_i) Comparison



Freezing and Cooling (VP_{constant}) \rightarrow Δ P~25%

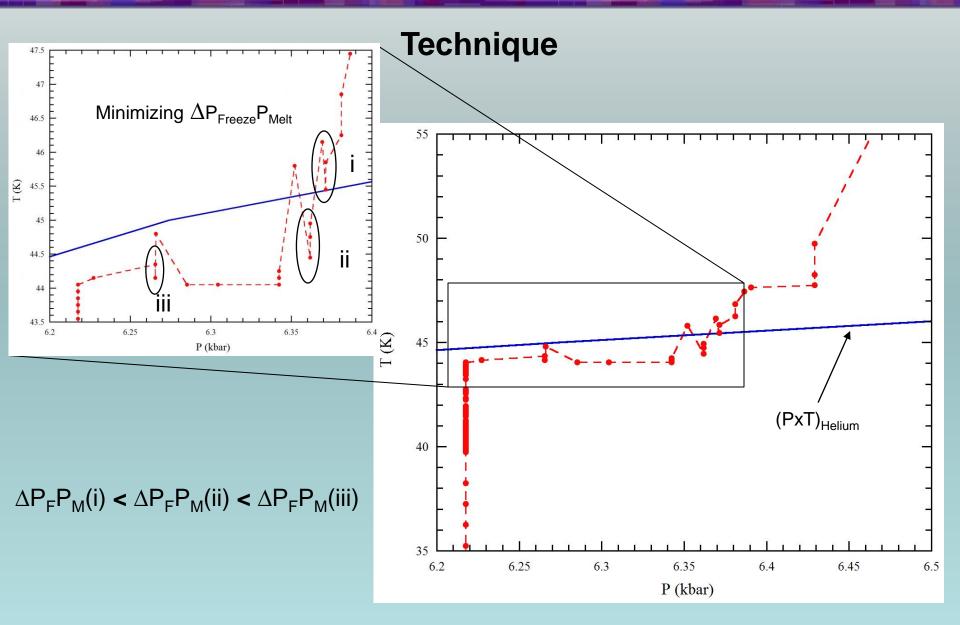


Burp Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) $\rightarrow \Delta P \sim 5\%$



Technique

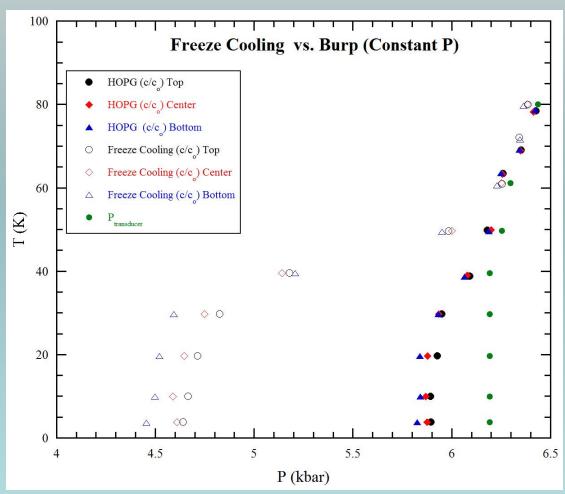
- Use He as pressure media
- Monitor pressure line temperature
- Control line temperature well above desired PxT
- Cool down to a few Kelvin of PxT curve
- Apply pressure while heating line
- Begin ramp-cooling through the PxT curve
- Systematically heat line upon transducer pressure "freeze" providing enough
 power to counteract the cooling of the cell as noted in the sample stick sensor
- Once transducer pressure "melts" reduce line heater power to once again "freeze" the transducer reading
- Repeat until P_{Freeze} ~ P_{Melt}
- Continue cooling to base while still heating line
- Begin reducing line heater power when the cryostat cooling bottoms out
- Turn off line heater when T_{Line} < T_{Freeze}



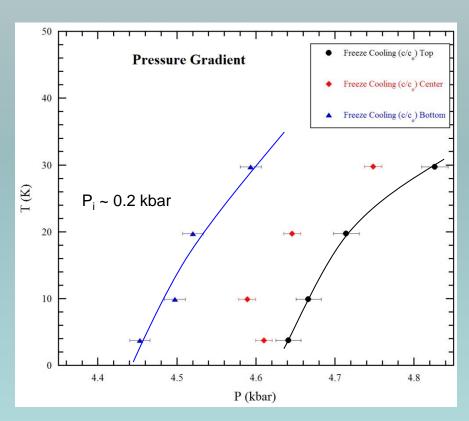
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When systematically ensuring that the pressure vessel is completely full of solid He

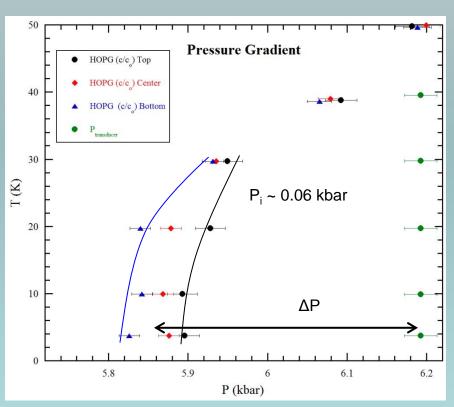
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Sample Pressure In-homogeneities (P_i) Comparison



Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) $\rightarrow \Delta P \sim 25\%$



Burp Freezing and Cooling ($P_{constant}$) $\rightarrow \Delta P \sim 5\%$



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- ✓ Reasoning
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Thank You!